

## OSCILLATOR TRIODE

For use at frequencies up to 1200 Mc approx.			
١	Heater Coated Unipotential Cathode		
ı	Voltage 6.3 a-c or d-c		
١	Current 0.225	amp.	
l	Direct Interelectrode Capacitances: O		
I	Grid to Plate 1.9	μμf	
İ	Grid to Cathode & Heater 2.0	μμf	
ı	Plate to Cathode & Heater 0.6	μμf	
ı	Overall Length 1-7/32" +	5/32"	
ı	Overall Diameter (including radial pins) $1-3/32" \pm 9.11$	T-4₺	
١	Bulb   See Outline in   Small Radial   Small Radial		
l	Base   General Section   Small Radial Pin 1-Heater	/-F 111	
I	Pin 2-Grid Pin 6-Heater	_	
I	Pin 3-Plate © Pin 7-Cathod		
ı	Pin 4-Plate	,,,	
١	Mounting Position	Any	
	BOTTOM VIEW (7BR)	77	
Maximum Ratings Are Design-Center Values			
	A-F AMPLIFIER		
1	Plate Voltage 150 max.	volts	
ı	Plate Supply Voltage 300 max.		
l	Plate Current 15 max.		
	Plate Dissipation 2 max.	watts	
ı	D-C Heater-Cathode Potential 80 max.		
ı	Characteristics - Class A <sub>1</sub> Amplifier:		
I	Plate Voltage 80	volts	
1	Cathode-Bias Resistor 150	ohms	
	Amplification Factor'		
	Plate Resistance 2900	ohms	
	Transconductance 5800	µmhos	
	Plate Current 13	ma.	
ı	R-F POWER AMPLIFIER & OSCILLATOR - Class C Telegraphy		
	D-C Plate Voltage 150 max.		
Ì	D-C Plate Supply Voltage 300 max.		
Ì	D-C Grid Voltage -50 max.		
	D-C Plate Current 20 max.		
	D-C Grid Current 8 max.		
	Plate Dissipation 2 max.	watts	
	D-C Heater-Cathode Potential 80 max.	voits	
	Typical Operation at Moderate Frequencies:	1+a	
	D-C Plate Voltage 150	volts volts	
	D-C Grid Voltage ♦ 550	ohms	
	D=C Grid Voltage V 2000	ohms	
	D-C Plate Current 20	ma.	
	D-C Grid Current (Approx.) <sup>©</sup> 7.5	ma.	
	Driving Power (Approx.) 0.2	watt	
	Power Output (Approx.) 1.8	watts	
	•		

O, □, ●, ♦, 0: See next page.



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(continued from preceding page)

O with no external shield.

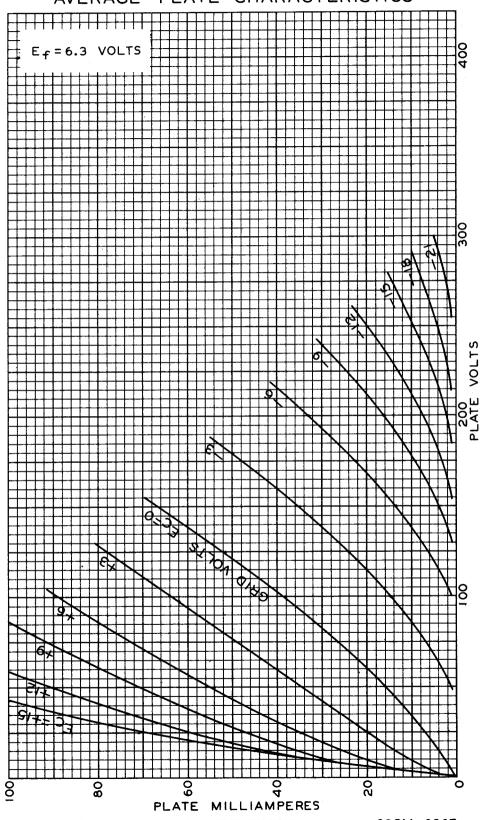
6K D/

- Fixed-bias operation is not recommended. Under maximum rated conditions, the d-c resistance in the grid circuit should not exceed 0.5 megohm.
  - Approximately 45 milliwatts can be obtained when the 6F4 is used at 1200 megacycles as an oscillator with 100 volts on plate, maximum rated plate dissipation, and grid resistor of 2000 ohms.
- ♦ Obtained from fixed supply, or by cathode resistor (550), grid resistor (2000), or partial self-bias methods.
- O Subject to wide variations as explained under TUBE RATINGS in General Section.

The socket for the 6F4 should be electrically and mechanically compact, and be made with an insulating material having a loss factor not exceeding 0.035 to permit operation of the 6F4 at high frequencies. For most satisfactory performance of the 6F4, it is essential that the inductance of connections between tube and circuit be kept as low as possible.



## AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



JULY 12,1944

RCA VICTOR DIVISION RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-6567





## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

